



2026 - 2031 Rate Outlook & Budget Kickoff

Finance Committee April 2025

Crystal Harper - Financial Planning & Analysis Manager



Objective of Today's Meeting









REVIEW THE 2026 - 2031 RATE OUTLOOK & 2026 BUDGET TIMELINE REVIEW GOALS FOR THE RATE OUTLOOK PROCESS REVIEW KEY
COMPONENTS
OF THIS YEAR'S
2025 BUDGET
AND THEIR
RELATED
ASSUMPTIONS

SHARE THE NEXT
STEPS AND
DISCUSS
POTENTIAL
TOPICS FOR
UPCOMING
COMMITTEE
MEETINGS

Key Dates for Board Review and Input

▲ Board or Finance Committee Meeting



★ Major Milestone

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
 Finance Committee Reviews Financial Planning Timeline, Escalation Factors, and Key Assumptions. Load Forecast and Production Model Assumptions Reviewed in Executive Session 												
3. Finance Committee – Information & Input Session (As needed or requested)												
4. Review Rate Outlook Results with Finance Committee												
5. Proposed Wholesale Rate Study Issued								*				
6. Review Preliminary 2026 Operations & Maintenance (O&M) and Capital Budgets at Board Retreat												
7. Board action on 2026 O&M and Capital Budgets												

Rate Outlook & Budget Preparation - Three Phases

Target Setting

- Corporate Targets
- Financial Targets
- Plans Linked to Business Strategy & Risk Management
- Six Year O&M, A&G and Capital Targets

Financial Planning / Budgeting

- Load Forecast & Revenue Planning
- Production Model Planning
- Business Unit O&M Planning
- Capital Budget Planning

Financial Plan Review & Budget Approval

- EPC
- Customers
- NPPD Board of Directors





Goals are Established for the Rate Outlook Process

Corporate Targets

- Wholesale: Cooperative Financing Corporation (CFC) Best Quartile Ranking
- Retail: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Best 15th Percentile Ranking

Financial Targets

- Debt Service Coverage 2.0 times (or better)
- Days of Cash Peer Group Best Quartile (2023 best quartile ~279 days)
- Debt Equity Peer Group Best Quartile (2023 best quartile ~ 50%/50%)

Plans Linked to and Support the Strategic Plan and Enterprise Risk Management

 Incorporate known new load, new generation, and other strategic directives, and gain consensus on wholesale rate positioning.

Operating Targets

- Capital
- O&M

Summary of Rate Outlook Assumptions, Targets, and Outcomes that Will be Reviewed Today

Load Forecast Revenue & Production Model Planning

Assumptions

Outcomes

Business Unit O&M Planning

Assumptions

Targets

Capital Project Budget Process

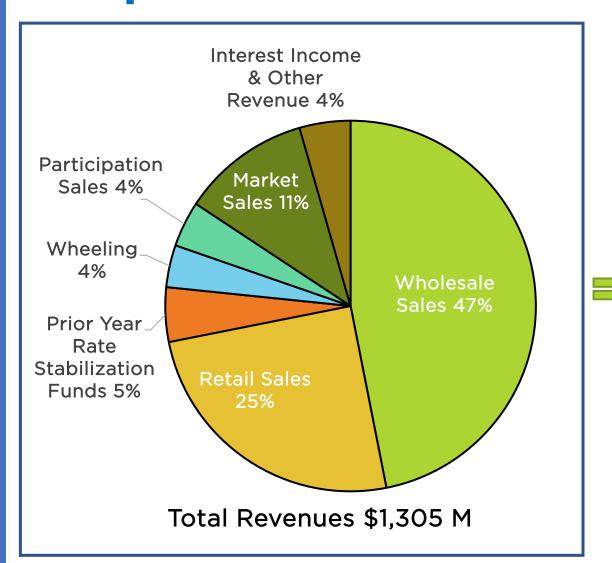
Targets

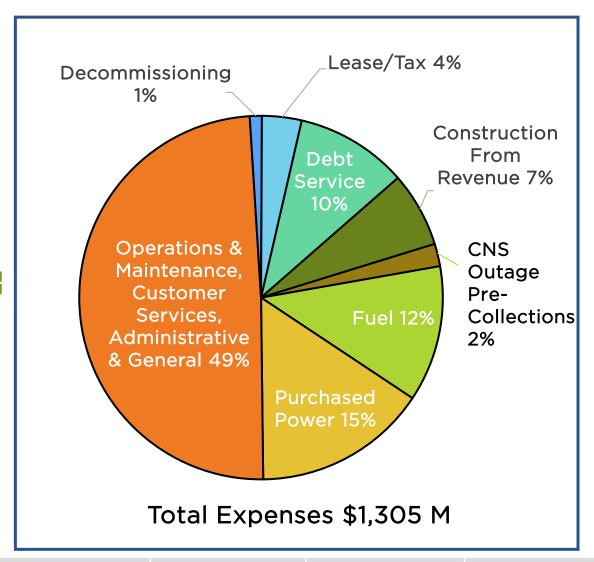
Decommissioning

Assumptions

Outcomes

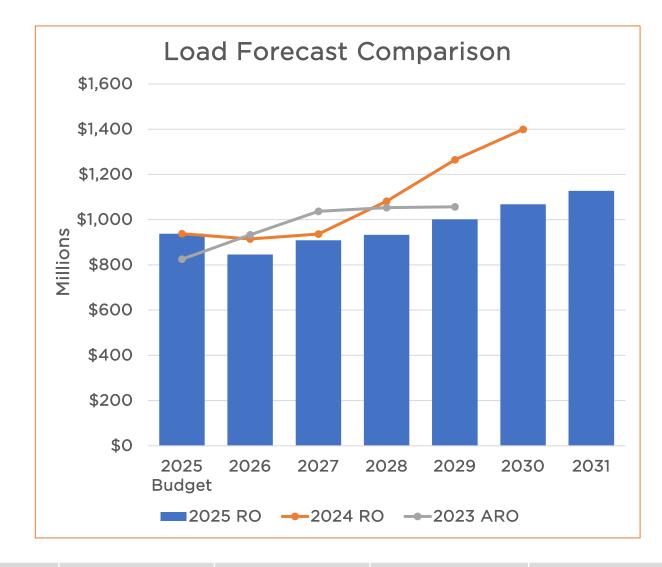
Key Components of the 2025 Budget - Revenues & Expenses Balance





Native Load Revenue Forecast Down From the Prior Year

- Decreases in the 2028-2030 load forecast in the 2025 RO (compared to 2024 RO) are attributed to two main factors:
 - The implementation of a new prospective load forecasting methodology and
 - Load adjustments reflecting uncertainties in:
 - Customer project timelines
 - Estimated probability of new loads materializing in industries influenced by the evolving federal policies and funding priorities



RO = Rate Outlook

ARO = Abbreviated Rate Outlook

Notable Changes in Production Model Resource Assumptions

- The Production Model is a software tool that simulates Southwest Power Pool (SPP) operations.
- It projects when NPPD's generating units will dispatch and the associated fuel expense to serve SPP market loads
- The model also generates the amount of market sales and purchases based on unit dispatch.
- The Load Forecast, SPP market prices, and fuel price assumptions are some of the inputs into the production model.

2025 RO

AWEF BESS -Paused

PRS - Inservice June 2029

3 BPS CTs -Inservice dates 2031, 2032, & 2033

Various Purchased **Power Agreements** 2024 RO

AWEF BESS -Inservice June 2026

> PRS - Inservice June 2027

3 BPS CTs -Inservice June 2029

Various Purchased **Power Agreements**

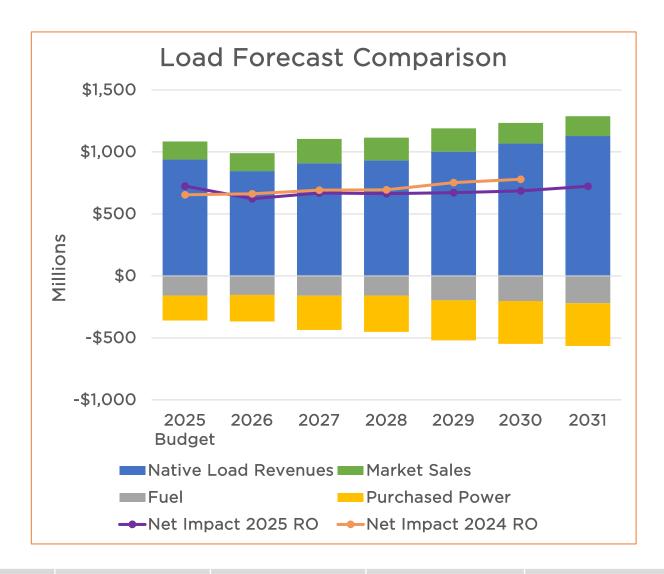
AWEF BESS - Ainsworth Wind Energy Facility Battery Energy Storage System PRS - Princeton Road Station RO - Rate Outlook

BPS - Beatrice Power Station

CT - Combustion Turbine

A Decrease in Native Load Revenues is Partially Offset by Changes to Production Model Revenues & Expenses

- When compared to the prior year, the reduction in native load revenues is partially offset by:
 - Increases in SPP market sales due to a greater surplus of energy due to less native load.
 - Decreases in fuel expense due to:
 - Change in resource timelines
 - Coal demand
 - Fluctuations in natural gas forward curves
 - Decreases in purchased power expenses as fewer SPP market purchases are needed to serve the new load forecast



RO = Rate Outlook

No Changes to O&M and A&G Cost Escalation Factors for 2025 Rate Outlook

	2025 Budget	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Salaries & Other Outside Labor	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Health Insurance	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%

	2025 Budget	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
Materials, Supplies & Other Misc. Expenses	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%

Escalation rates are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) projections based on the most recent information reflected in the Survey of Economic Forecasters

O&M = Operations & Maintenance

A&G = Administrative & General

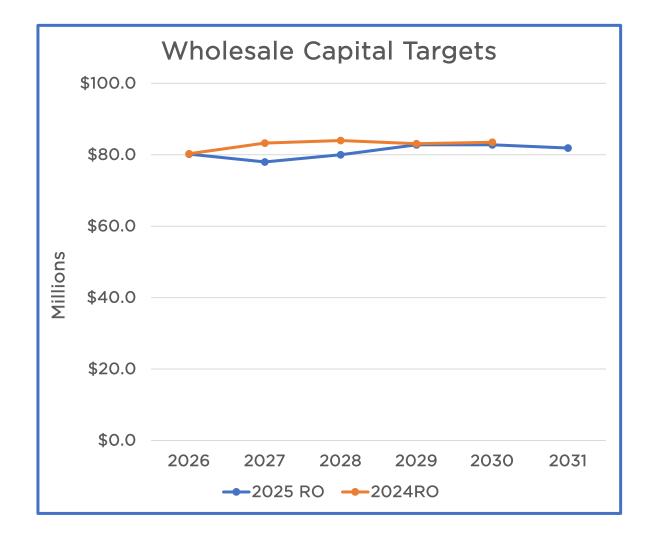
Escalation rates are based on labor indices received from NPPD's Human Resources department

Business Units Asked to Maintain their O&M and A&G Expenses for Rate Outlook Planning

	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	Other Consideration	
Production								
Transmission	<u>Maintair</u>	<u>n</u> O&M ar	nd A&G (Costs fro	ar's	Allowing for changes related to the new generation		
Distribution	Rate Ou	ıtlook						
A&G Groups								

Wholesale Capital Targets Similar to Prior Year

- Wholesale Capital Targets are set based on the ratio of capital to depreciation of NPPD and other A-Rated Utilities
- Analysis also utilizes the CFC Metric to monitor total spending (capital & O&M) and maintain alignment with the benchmark.
- These capital targets exclude large capital investments, such as new generation, as well as Notice to Construct Transmission Projects



RO = Rate Outlook

Slight Increase in Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Collections

- On a regular basis, a study is performed by a third party to determine updated costs for decommissioning CNS
 - 2023 Study performed by TLG Services
 - DECON Methodology (assumes decommissioning starts immediately after plant shutdown) remains the lowest total cost option.
- NPPD performs a cash flow analysis of Nuclear Decommissioning Trusts (NDTs) using the TLG estimate with the following assumptions:

	Assumptions	Study Used	Investment Earnings Rate	Cost Inflation Rate	Plant Runs Through	Funded By
Nuclear	Last Year	2023	3%	2%	2054	2035
	This Year	2023	3%	2%	2054	2035

 This current analysis estimates collections for the CNS NDTs to be \$3.8M for 2026-2035, up from \$2.7M in 2025.

No Change to Non-Nuclear Decommissioning Assumptions

- On a regular basis, a study is performed by a third party to determine updated costs for decommissioning non-nuclear generating facilities
 - 2021 decommissioning study was performed by Burns & McDonald (B&M)
- NPPD performs a cash flow analysis of the non-nuclear fund using B&M estimate with the following assumptions:

	Assumptions	Study Used	Investment Earnings Rate	Cost Inflation Rate	Funded By
Gerald Gentleman Station Sheldon Station Beatrice Power Station Canaday	Last Year / This Year	2021	3.0%	2%	2035
Ainsworth Wind Energy Facility	Last Year / This Year	2021	3.0%	2%	2025

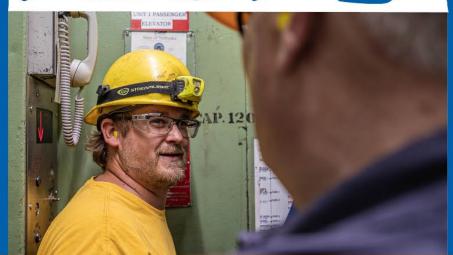
• This analysis estimates collections for the non-nuclear decommissioning fund to be \$9.2M for 2026, down from \$11.5M in 2025.

Rate Outlook Planning - Next Steps (Board and Customers)

- ✓ April 2025 Rate Outlook Kickoff at Finance Committee
- May 2025 Information & Input Session with Finance Committee (As needed or requested)
- June 2025 Review Rate Outlook Results with Finance Committee and at Customer Meeting



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Questions

Stay connected with us.







