Nebraska Power Association 2023 Load & Capability Report

NPPD Board of Directors Meeting November 9, 2023

Jason Rosenkranz Resource Planning & Risk Manager



Organizational and Statutory Background Information

Nebraska Power Review Board (NPRB)

- State agency formed in 1963 to regulate Nebraska's publicly owned electric utility industry
- Five-member Board approved by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature

Nebraska Power Association (NPA)

- Voluntary organization of municipal, public power district, and cooperative electric utilities (166 members)
- Formed in 1980 to address statewide electricity policies and issues. Administered by LES

State Statute 70-1025

- Requires an annual statewide report on electric demand and generation for a 20-year period
- NPA is the designated entity to provide this report to the NPRB

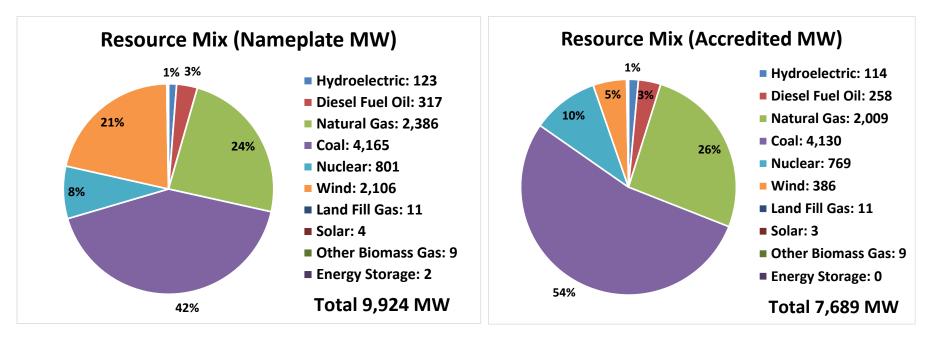


Nebraska's Projected Peak Electrical Demand Growth

- Average annual demand growth rate is 1.5% per year from 2023 through 2042
 - The utilities are using probability based rankings to determine the customer electrical loads that are included in the forecast
- This is much higher than the 0.4% growth rate shown in last year's report due to modifications in the methods for including large loads



Existing Electrical Generating Resources Categorized by Fuel Type Using both Nameplate and Accredited Ratings*



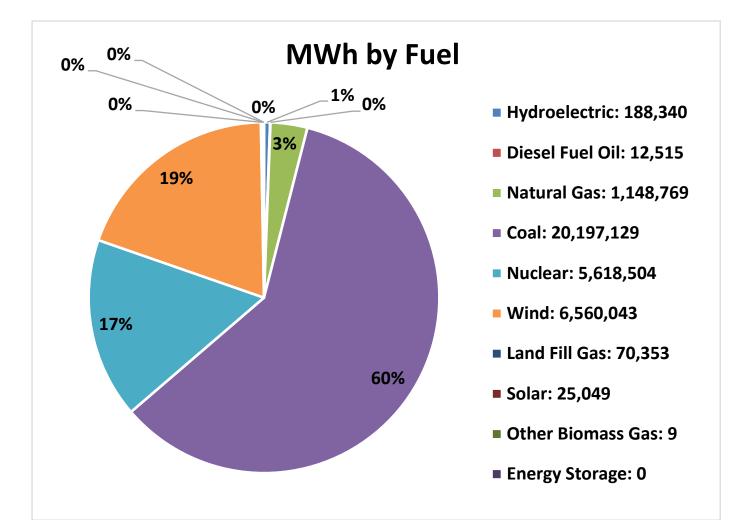
- 1,180 MW of Firm Power Purchases¹
 - 832 MW Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) Hydro Contracts
 - 348 MW Other Firm Power Contracts
- 124 MW of utility behind the meter nameplate generation (includes solar)

* Electrical generating resources expected to be in service by the summer of 2023.

¹ Capacity reserves are provided by the Firm Power provider

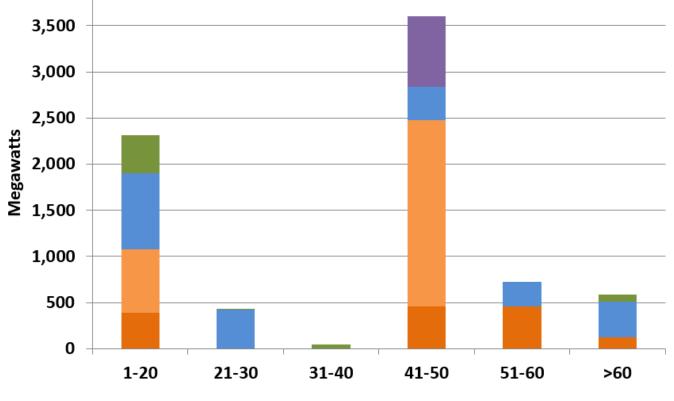


In 2022, about 60% of the electrical energy produced by Nebraska utilities came from coal, with the next highest categories being 19% from wind and 17% from nuclear.





Nebraska's existing generating fleet encompasses a broad range of ages, with a notable group of generators that are twenty years old or less, and another group that is in the 41-50 years old category. Approximately 64% of Nebraska's generators have been in service for more than forty years.



Generation Unit Age Chart as of 2023

■ Small Coal (<250 MW) ■ Large Coal (>250 MW) ■ Oil/ Gas ■ Nuclear ■ Renewable



The Nebraska utilities have about 2,662 Megawatts (accredited rating) of new electrical generation being evaluated in various stages of the planning process.

	Renewable	Conventional	Unspecified	Total
Committed	56 (OPPD Platteview Solar)	593 (OPPD Standing Bear Lake NG) (OPPD Turtle Creek NG)	0	649
Planned	0	0	0	0
Studied	872 (OPPD Solar, Wind, Battery Storage, DR)	750 (OPPD CT)	391 (NPPD)	2,013
Total	928	1,343	391	2,662

Southwest Power Pool (SPP) Generation Interconnection Queue for Nebraska (Nameplate) as of June 4, 2023

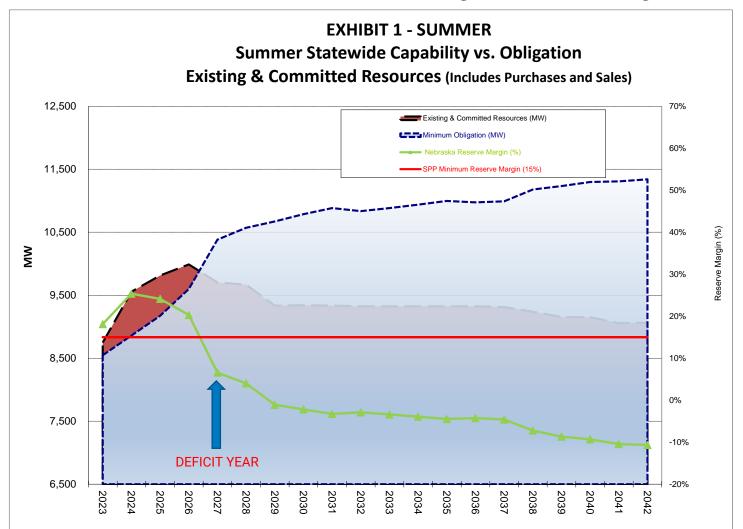
- \approx 1,830 MW Battery Storage
- ≈ 5,575 MW Solar

≈ 1,952 MW Hybrid (Typically Solar + Storage)
≈ 1,286 MW Conventional

≈ 4,573 MW Wind

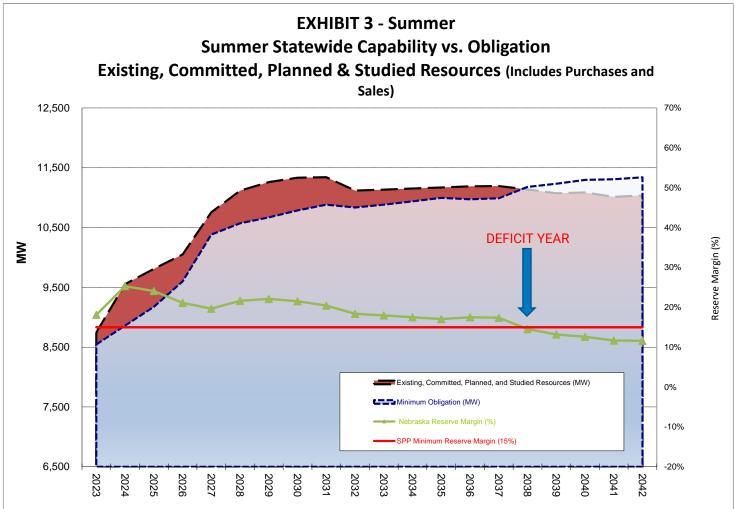


With Nebraska's fleet of Existing and Committed electrical generators, the State would drop below the Southwest Power Pool's recently revised 15% summer Generation Planning Reserve Margin in 2027





With Planned and Studied electrical generation included, Nebraska would not drop below the Southwest Power Pool's recently revised 15% summer Generation Planning Reserve Margin until 2038





Several Nebraska utilities have adopted Decarbonization Goals. The goals have implementation dates that range from 2040 to 2050 and are all generally based around the concept of net-zero carbon dioxide emissions.

- Nebraska Public Power District
 - Board of Directors established strategic directive (SD-05) in 2021
 - The goal is to achieve net-zero carbon emissions from generation resources by 2050
- Omaha Public Power District
 - Board of Directors adopted a goal in its Strategic Directives to achieve net-zero carbon production by 2050
 - Recent studies performed are being used to make informed decisions regarding near term proposed generation additions
- Lincoln Electric System
 - Administrative Board approved a resolution in late 2020
 - The goal is to achieve net-zero carbon dioxide production from its generation portfolio by 2040
- Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska
 - Board of Directors approved a resolution in early 2020
 - The goal is to achieve a carbon neutral power resource portfolio by 2050



2023 NPA Load & Capability Report Summary

- Nebraska's projected electrical demand growth rate of 1.5% per year is higher than the 0.4% rate shown in last year's report due to modifications in the methods used for including large loads in each utility's forecast.
- Nebraska meets its SPP Reserve Margin requirements with Existing and Committed resources through 2026.
- A significant amount of new electrical generation is proposed by Nebraska utilities and is progressing through various stages of the planning process.
- Each utility that has adopted a decarbonization goal will continue to evaluate its options in the coming years.



Questions and Discussion

